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What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of preparing a protein array based on biochemical protein-protein interaction, comprising the steps of:
- (a) depositing on a substrate an array of a first protein, the first protein comprising a PDZ domain; and
- (b) applying a second protein, which comprises an amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH, to the first protein array, the amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH of the second protein binding to the PDZ domain of the first protein,

wherein each hyphen represents a peptide bond, each parenthesis encloses amino acids which are alternatives to one other, each slash within such parentheses separates the alternative amino acids, and the X represents any amino acid which is selected from the group comprising the twenty naturally occurring amino acids.

- 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L) is fused to the C-terminal of the second protein.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the protein array is maintained under physiological condition, and is used to screen one or more drug targets.
- 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the first protein deposited in step (a) is in a soluble buffer.
- 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the first protein deposited in step (a) is immobilized in a gel.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a plurality of microwells contained therein, and the first protein is deposited in step (a) into the

microwells.

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- 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a glass plate, and the first protein array is printed onto the glass plate in step (a).
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the substrate includes a glass plate and a plurality of gel pads on the glass plate, and the first protein is deposited in step (a) onto the gel pads.
- The method of claim 1, wherein the first protein is deposited on the substrate by a robot.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes an oligonucleotide.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes messenger RNA.
- 12. The method of claim 1, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes DNA.
- $$13.$\,$ The method of claim 1, wherein at least one $\,$ a $\,$ 25 $\,$ sugar.
 - $14.\ \ \mbox{A}$ method of preparing a protein array, comprising the steps of:
- (a) depositing on a substrate an array of first30 proteins, each first protein comprising a corresponding PDZ domain; and
 - (b) applying a second protein, which comprises an amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH, to the array of first proteins, the amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH of the second protein, for each of the first proteins,

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binding to the PDZ domain of the first protein,

wherein each hyphen represents a peptide bond, each parenthesis encloses amino acids which are alternatives to one other, each slash within such parentheses separates the alternative amino acids, and the X represents any amino acid which is selected from the group comprising the twenty naturally occurring amino acids.

- $$15.\,$ A method of preparing a protein array, comprising 10 $\,$ the steps of:
 - (a) depositing on a substrate an array of a first protein, the first protein comprising a PDZ domain; and
 - (b) applying a plurality of second proteins, each of which comprises a corresponding amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH, to corresponding elements of the first protein array, for each of the second proteins, the amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH of the second protein binding to the PDZ domain of the first protein in the corresponding array element,

wherein each hyphen represents a peptide bond, each parenthesis encloses amino acids which are alternatives to one other, each slash within such parentheses separates the alternative amino acids, and the X represents any amino acid which is selected from the group comprising the twenty naturally occurring amino acids.

- 16. A method of preparing a protein array, comprising the steps of:
- (a) depositing on a substrate an array of a first 30 polypeptide, the first polypeptide comprising a PDZ domain; and
 - (b) applying a second polypeptide which comprises an amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH to the first polypeptide array, the amino acid sequence (S/T)-X-(V/I/L)-COOH of the second polypeptide binding to the PDZ domain of

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the first polypeptide,

wherein each hyphen represents a peptide bond, each parenthesis encloses amino acids which are alternatives to one other, each slash within such parentheses separates the alternative amino acids, and the X represents any amino acid which is selected from the group comprising the twenty naturally occurring amino acids.

- 17. The method of claim 16, wherein at least one 10 element of the protein array includes an oligonucleotide.
 - 18. The method of claim 16, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes messenger RNA.
 - 19. The method of claim 16, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes DNA.
 - 20. The method of claim 16, wherein at least one element of the protein array includes a sugar.